Thank you,

Jim Bronskill

Reporter

OFFICE:

THE CANADIAN PRESS

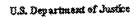
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Federal Bureau of Investigation

FOIA Request Form
JIM BRONSKILL THE CANADIAN PRESS
Address: 800-165 SPARKS ST., OTTAWA, ON CANADA
Phone Number (optional):
Par Number (optional) 613 - 238 - 4462
E-Nix! (options):
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Pete Seeger

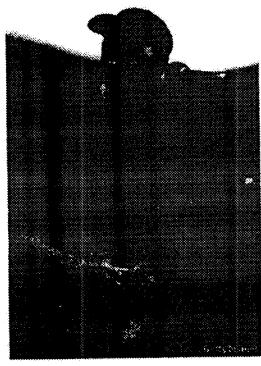
Bolshie with a banjo

America's troubadour of "dangerous songs" died on January 27th

Feb 1st 2014 | From the print edition

"RULERS should be careful about what songs are allowed to be sung." Pete Seeger, who died this week at the age of 94, liked that quote from Plato. His tunes constantly poked the eyes of America's rulers. The civil-rights movement marched to his version of "We Shall Overcome". Peaceniks never tired of "Where Have All the Flowers Gone?". Vietnam war protesters loved his adaptation of "Beans In My Ears", with its coy attack on Lyndon Johnson.

Mr Seeger encouraged audiences to join in. Folk songs were for the people, he maintained; the



Gone to flowers

emphasis on the solo frontman was a commercial invention. In Allan Winkler's book about Mr Seeger's music, "To Everything There is a Season", Tom Paxton recalls: "Pete never tried to convince us that he was 'Appalachian', or black, Irish, African or Scottish," but made "the song the star and the singer merely the presenter." The revolutionary who wrote "If I Had a Hammer" was also a traditionalist, telling roadies, "If I had an axe I'd chop the microphone cable" at Bob Dylan's electric performance at the Newport Folk Festival in 1965.

He palled around with Woody Guthrie, riding freight trains and hanging with hobos. But he wasn't like Woody, who was the real thing, raised in hard times before joining the Okie

EXPLANATION OF EXEMPTIONS

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552

- (A) specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy and (B) are in fact properly classified to such Executive order, (b)(I)
- related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of an agency; (b)(2)
- specifically exempted from disclosure by statute (other than section 552b of this title), provided that such statute (A) requires that the matters be withheld from the public in such a manner as to leave no discretion on issue, or (B) establishes particular criteria for withholding or refers (b)(3)to particular types of matters to be withheld;
- trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential; (b)(4)
- inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters which would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with (b)(5)
- personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy; (b)(6)
- records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the production of such law enforcement records or information (A) could reasonably be expected to interfere with enforcement proceedings, (B) would deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication, (C) could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, (D) could (b)(7)reasonably be expected to disclose the identity of confidential source, including a State, local, or foreign agency or authority or any private institution which furnished information on a confidential basis, and, in the case of record or information compiled by a criminal law enforcement authority in the course of a criminal investigation, or by an agency conducting a lawful national security intelligence investigation, information furnished by a confidential source, (E) would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions if such disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law, or (F) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual;
- contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf-of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the (6)(8)regulation or supervision of financial institutions; or
- geological and geophysical information and data, including maps, concerning wells. (b)(9)

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552a

- information compiled in reasonable anticipation of a civil action proceeding,
- material reporting investigative efforts pertaining to the enforcement of criminal law including efforts to prevent, control, or reduce crime or (d)(5)(j)(2)apprehend criminals:
- information which is currently and properly classified pursuant to an Executive order in the interest of the national defense or foreign policy, for example, information involving intelligence sources or methods; (k)(1)
- investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes, other than criminal, which did not result in loss of a right, benefit or privilege under Federal programs, or which would identify a source who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be (k)(2)held in confidence:
- material maintained in connection with providing protective services to the President of the United States or any other individual pursuant to the authority of Title 18, United States Code, Section 3056; (k)(3)
- required by statute to be maintained and used solely as statistical records;
- investigatory material compiled solely for the purpose of determining suitability, eligibility, or qualifications for Federal civilian employment (k)(4)or for access to classified information, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished information pursuant to (k)(5)a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;
- testing or examination material used to determine individual qualifications for appointment or promotion in Federal Government service he (k)(6) release of which would compromise the testing or examination process;
- material used to determine potential for promotion in the armed services, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished the material pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence. (k)(7)

FBI/DOI



Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D.C. 20535

February 12, 2014

MR, JIM BRONSKILL THE CANADIAN PRESS 800-105 SPARKS STREET OTTAWA, ON K1P CANADA

FOIPA Request No.: 1252433-000

Subject: SEEGER, PETE

Dear Mr. Bronskill:

This is in response to your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request.

A search of the Central Records System maintained at FBI Headquarters indicated that records potentially responsive to the FOIA have been sent to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). Since these records were not reviewed, it is not known if they are actually responsive to the FOIA.

If you wish to review these potentially responsive records, send your request to NARA at the following address using file number 100-HQ-200645 as a reference:

National Archives and Records Administration 8601 Adelphi Road College Park, MO 20740-6001

By standard FBI practice and pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(7)(E) and Privacy Act exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(7)(E), (j)(2)], this response neither confirms nor denies the existence of your subject's name on any watch lists.

It is unnecessary to adjudicate your fee waiver request because no responsive main file records were found.

For your information, Congress excluded three discrete categories of law enforcement and national security records from the requirements of the FOIA. See 5 U.S. C. § 552(c) (2006 & Supp. IV (2010). This response is limited to those records that are subject to the requirements of the FOIA. This is a standard notification that is given to all our requesters and should not be taken as an indication that excluded records do, or do not, exist.

You may file an appeal by writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy (OIP), U.S. Department of Justice, 1425 New York Ave., NW, Suite 11050, Washington, D.C. 20530-0001, or you may submit an appeal through OIP's eFOIA portal at http://www.justice.gov/oip/efoia-portal.htm. Your appeal must be received by OIP within sixty (60) days from the date of this letter in order to be considered timely. The envelope and the letter should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Appeal." Please cite the FOIPA Request Number in any correspondence to us for proper identification of your request.

Enclosed for your information is a copy of the FBI Fact Sheet.

Sincerely,

David M. Hardy Section Chief, Record/Information Dissemination Section Records Management Division



FBI FACT SHEET

- The primary functions of the FBI are national security and law enforcement.
- The FBI does not keep a file on every citizen of the United States.
- The FBI was not established until 1908 and we have very few records prior to the 1920s.
- FBI files generally contain reports of FBI investigations of a wide range of matters, including counterterrorism, counter-intelligence, cyber crime, public corruption, civil rights, organized crime, white collar crime, major thefts, violent crime, and applicants.
- The FBI does not issue clearances or non-clearances for anyone other than its own personnel or persons having access to FBI facilities. Background investigations for security clearances are conducted by many different Government agencies. Persons who received a clearance while in the military or employed with some other government agency should contact that entity. Most government agencies have websites which are accessible on the internet which have their contact information.
- A criminal history summary check or "rap sheet" is NOT the same as an "FBI file." It is a listing of information taken from fingerprint cards and related documents submitted to the FBI in connection with arrests, federal employment, naturalization or military service. The subject of a "rap sheet" may obtain a copy by submitting a employment, naturalization or military service. The subject of a "rap sheet" may obtain a copy by submitting a employment, naturalization or military service. The subject of a "rap sheet" may obtain a copy by submitting a employment, naturalization or military service. The subject is natural formation services (CJIS) Division, Record Request, 1000 Custer Hollow written request, the individual must submit a new full Road, Clarksburg, West Virginia 26306. Along with a specific written request, the individual must submit a new full set of his/her fingerprints in order to locate the record, establish positive identification, and ensure that an set of his/her fingerprints in order to locate the record, establish positive identification, and ensure that an set of his/her fingerprints in order to locate the record, establish positive identification, and ensure that an set of his/her fingerprints in order to locate the record, establish positive identification, and ensure that an set of his/her fingerprints and ensure that an set of his/her fingerprints are fingerprints in order to locate the record, establish positive identification, and ensure that an set of his/her fingerprints and ensure that an set of his/her fingerprints are fingerprints in order to locate the record, establish positive identification, and ensure that an set of his/her fingerprints in order to locate the record, establish positive identification, and ensure that an set of his/her fingerprints in order to locate the record, establish positive identification, and ensure that an experiment of the fingerprints in order to locate the record, establish positive identification, and ensure that an experiment of his/her fing
- The National Name Check Program (NNCP) conducts a search of the FBI's Universal Index (UNI) to identify any information contained in FBI records that may be associated with an individual and provides the results of that search to a requesting federal, state or local agency. Names are searched in a multitude of combinations and phonetic spellings to ensure all records are located. The NNCP also searches for both "main" and "cross reference" files. A main file is an entry that carries the name corresponding to the subject of a file, while a cross reference is merely a mention of an individual contained in a file. The results from a search of this magnitude can result in several "hits" and "idents" on an individual. In each instance where UNI has identified a name variation or reference, information must be reviewed to determine if it is applicable to the individual in question.
- The Record/Information Dissemination Section (RIDS) searches for records and provides copies of FBI files
 responsive to Freedom of Information or Privacy Act (FOIPA) requests for information. RIDS provides responsive
 documents to requesters seeking "reasonably described information." For a FOIPA search, the subject's name,
 documents to requesters seeking "reasonably described information." For a FOIPA search, the subject's name,
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FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE FBI, VISIT OUR WEBSITE AT www.fbi.gov

migration out West. Mr Seeger came from Manhattan, the establishment, pacifist parents who traced their roots back 200 years and were classical musicians; his father trained at Harvard, his mother in Paris. Both taught at Juilliard. He hated the boarding schools he went to.

His progressive fans admired him for standing up to the red-baiters of the House Un-American Activities Committee in 1955. He refused to take the Pifth, but dodged the congressmen's questions, insisting that although "my opinions may be different from yours...I love my country very deeply." He offered to play his banjo for his inquisitors. Fifty-four years later, he sang Guthrie's "This Land is Your Land" at a concert for Barack Obama's inauguration.

Conservatives were less charmed. It was wrong to blacklist singers in the 1950s, but that did not excuse Mr Seeger's lifelong embrace of communism and blindness to its horrors, they said. "My gosh, it sure is a book-reading country," Mr Seeger gushed to a Russian interviewer during a visit to the Soviet Union in 1965. It took decades for him to acknowledge that Stalin was "a supremely cruel misleader". In 2007 he wrote a letter responding to an article titled "Time for Pete Seeger to Repent" in the New York Sun, and admitted, "I think you're right—I should have asked to see the gulags." He remained a communist, though "with a small 'c'." He never did quite "Turn, Turn, Turn".

From the print edition: United States